

Agile Components

Scaling XP

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How do you scale agile methods?



✍ How do you make a big piece of software?

✍ Build it out of big pieces

Alan Cameron Wills



✍ Mentor and presenter in software development process

Joint author of *Objects, Components and Frameworks – the Catalysis approach*

Clients in many fields, both sides of the Atlantic

✍ Technical Director of **Trireme International Ltd**

Source of **process and architecture mentoring** in UK, Europe, ...

<http://www.trireme.com>

✍ Director of **FastnLoose Ltd**

Software development using agile methods and components

<http://www.fastnloose.com>

Effective improvements in productivity



✍ Agile Development

Customer involvement, incremental development, rigorous testing

Convergence on real requirement

✍ Component based development

Building from pre-existing parts

Rapid assembly of candidate solutions

Agile Development

Principles

Emphasis on helping people work together, rather than tools
Incremental delivery, iterative development, strong testing

Benefits

Convergence on real current requirement
cf what they thought was required, at time of signing
Early delivery of a working solution

Examples in this space:

eXtreme Programming (www.xpdeveloper.com)

Crystal (www.crystalmethodologies.com)

DSDM (www.dsdm.org)

Moving Requirements



take aim ...

no steering



moving target



control



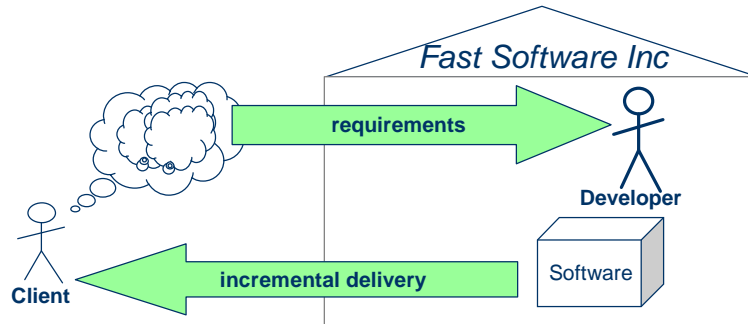
guided: continual course corrections



moving target

Incremental development

- 🔗 Emphasis on customer feedback during development



- 🔗 Features tested & demonstrated as soon as developed
Minimal investment in travelling in the wrong direction

Agenda

Agile development

Component Based Development

pluggability
software product lines
model driven architecture

Incremental CBD

“Component Based Development”

CBD has (at least) two meanings:

✍ .Net, J2EE/EJB, ...

Separation of business logic from container

?

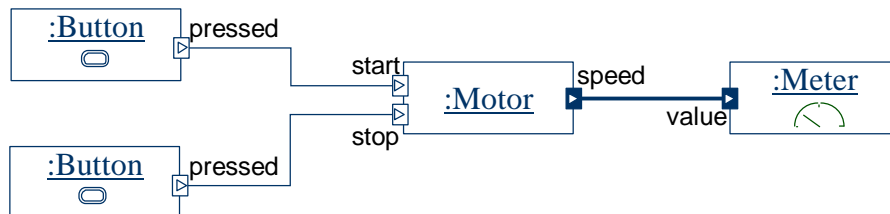
✍ Product Line Architectures

Family of end-products from a kit of pluggable components

?

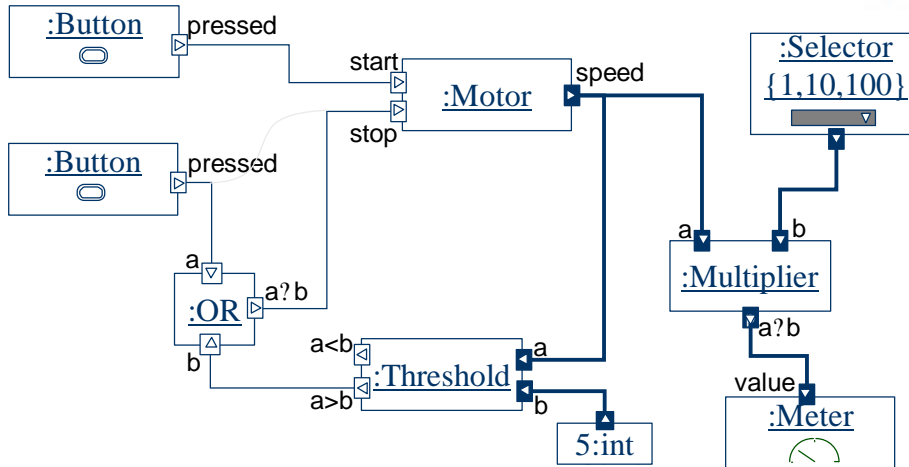
Kit of pluggable components

✍ Java Beans [-like] example:



Plug in more bits from the kit...

Components unchanged, but rewired:

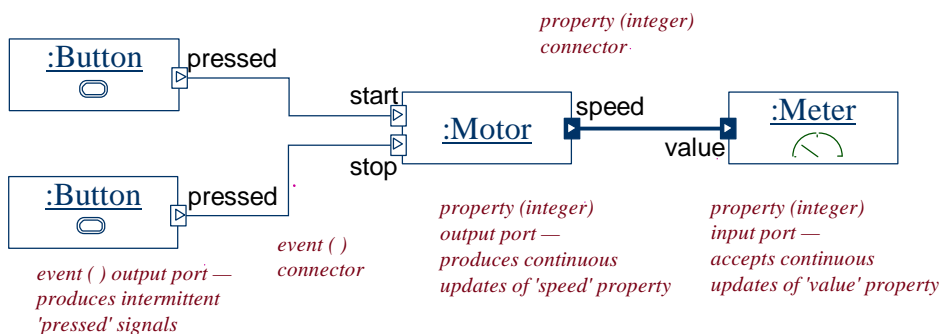


Few connector types compared to number of components

Connector specifications

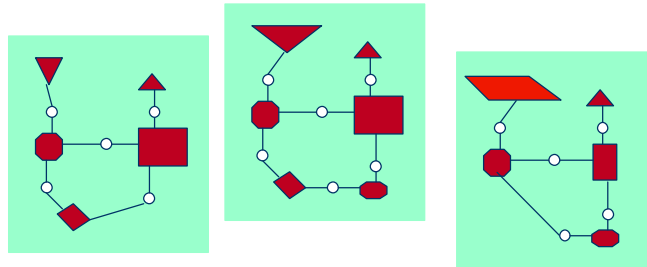
Connector definitions are fundamental to pluggability

whether the connectors are pure interface standards, or have an implementation as a software framework



Software Product Lines

- Families of products
made from **kits of components**



- Product Line Architecture =
definition of connectors

Component connectors

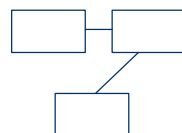
- Connector definition can include:

interface mechanisms – e.g. CORBA, RMT, TCP/IP, ...

basic syntax – e.g. XML

* Platform Independent Model

* = *required*



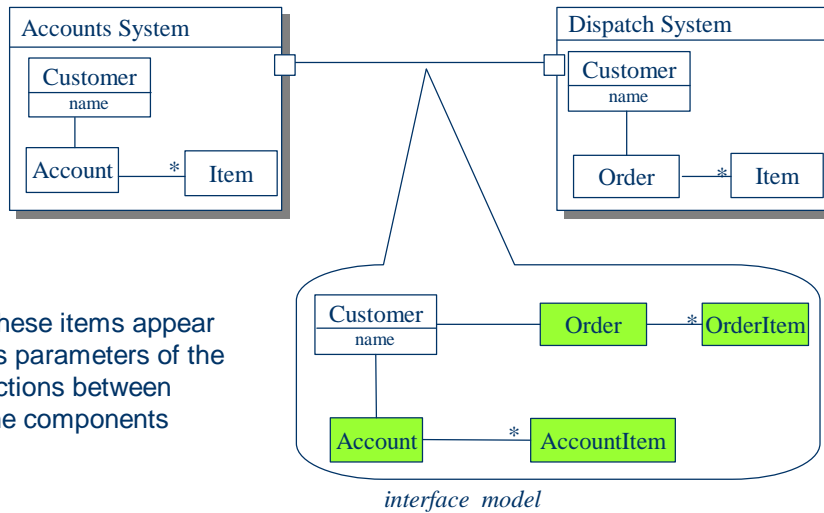
classes of objects communicated on the connector

what you can do with them

business rules applying to them

Model what the components talk about

- ✍ Different components may have different internal models, but must speak a common language



- ✍ These items appear as parameters of the actions between the components

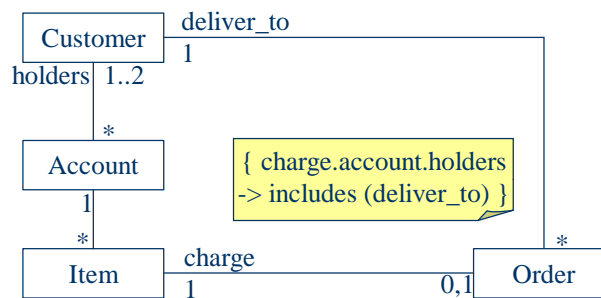
Business rules

- ✍ Each component should observe the rules about what's allowed

at least when communicating with other components

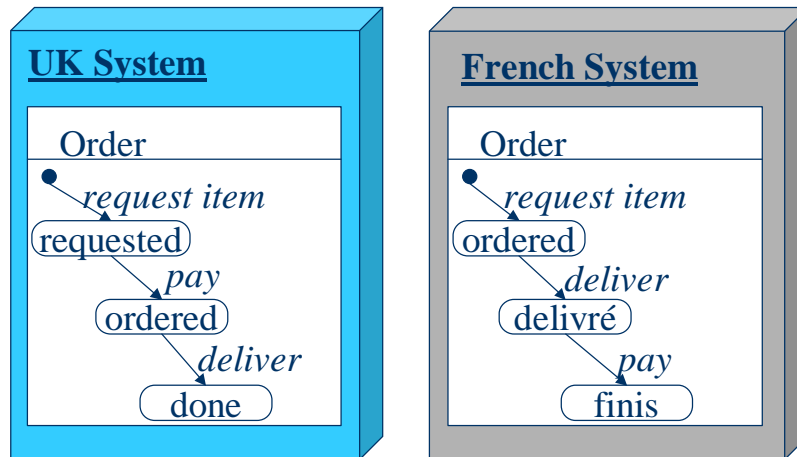
- ✍ Static constraints --- written informally or in OCL/C++/...

e.g. *an Order shall be charged to an Account of the same Customer to whom it is to be delivered*



Dynamic rules

Rules about the allowed transitions

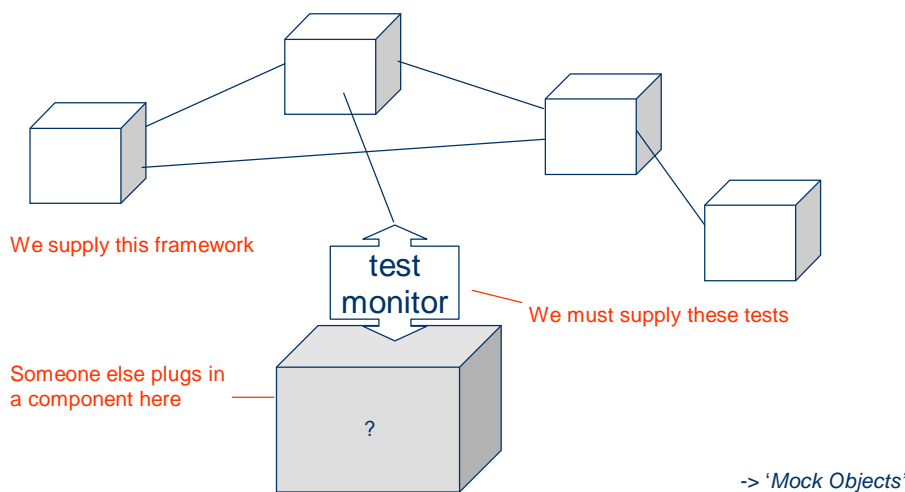


what happens if these systems pass orders to each other to fulfill?

Testing generic software

Component designers don't know who they're talking to

Supply components and frameworks with rigorous tests for plug-ins

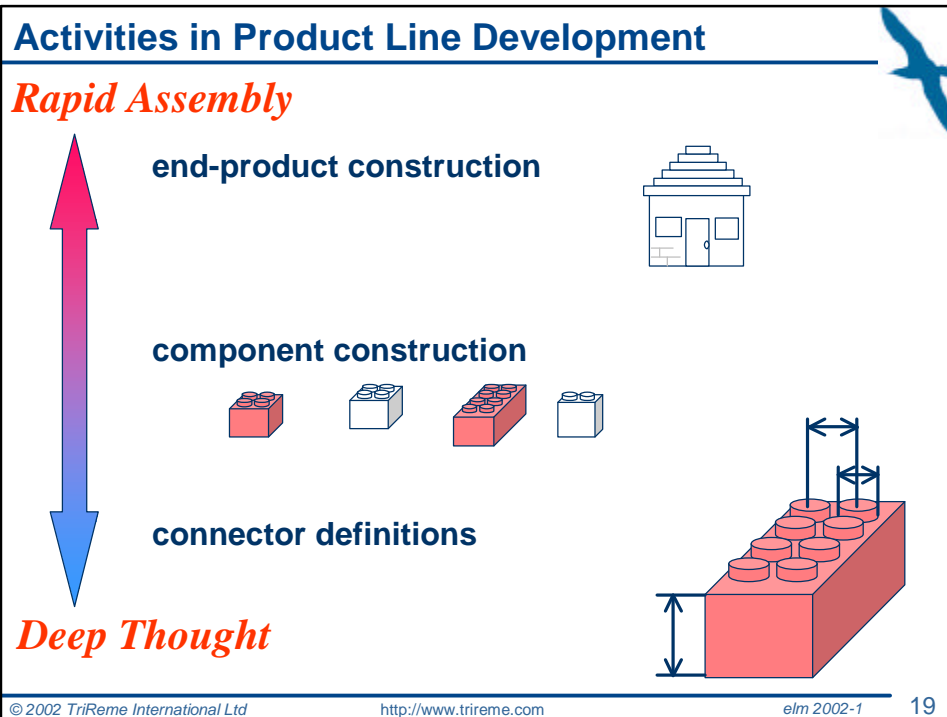


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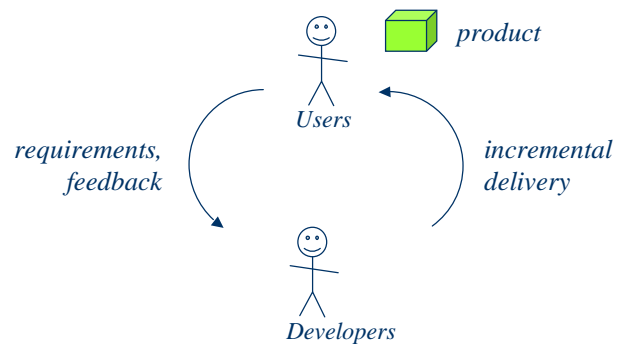
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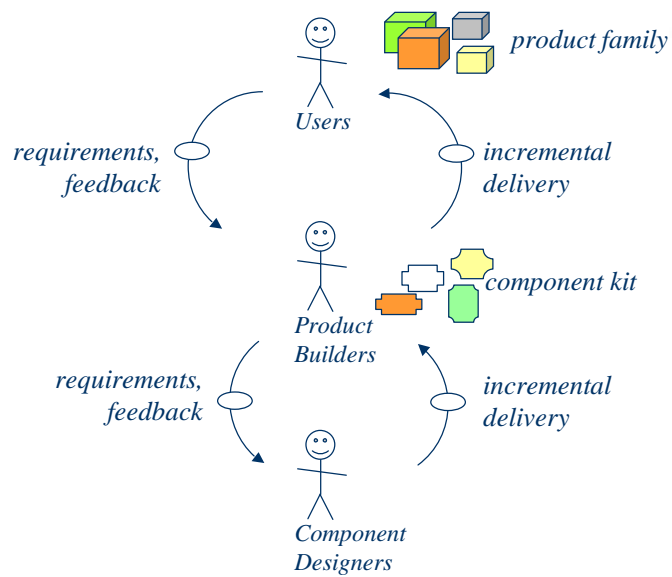
The incremental development loop

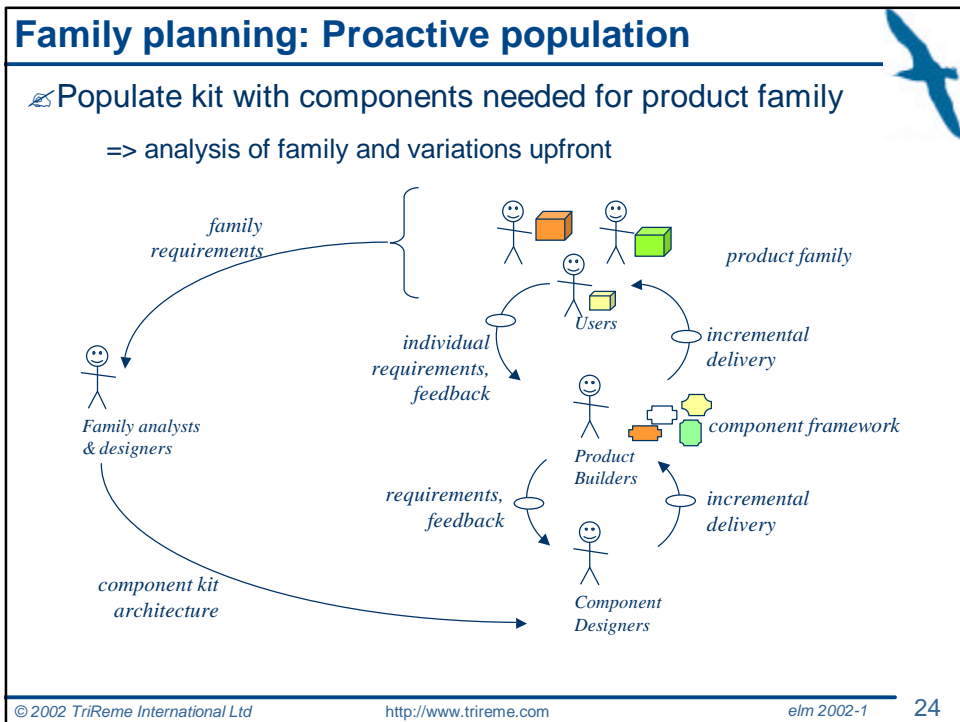
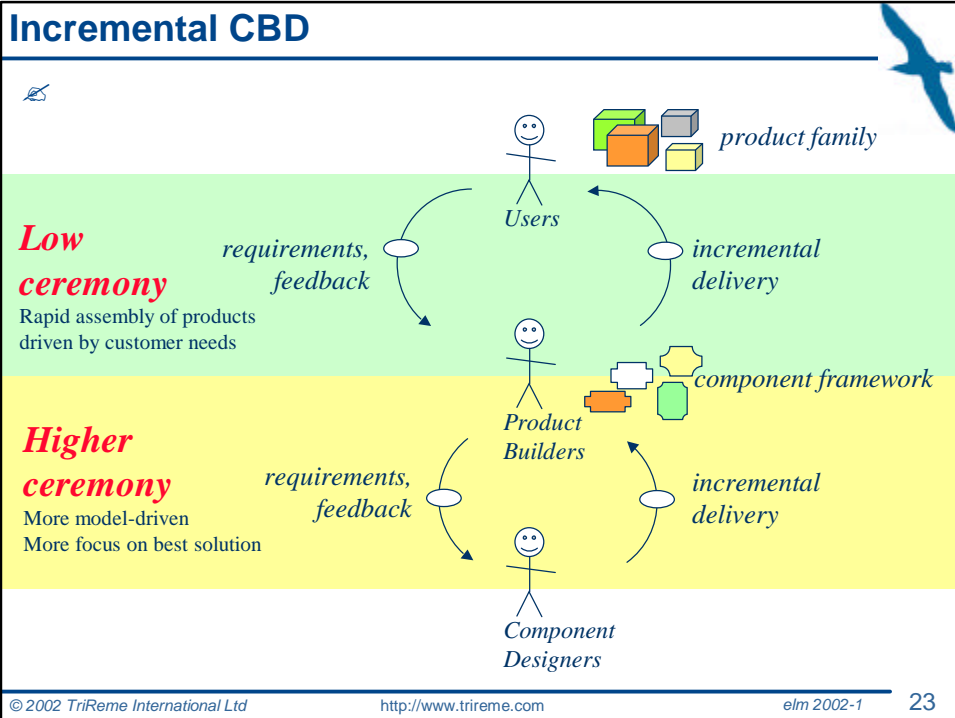
Incremental delivery

tight loop of feedback between user and developer



Incremental CBD





Lazy population

Products

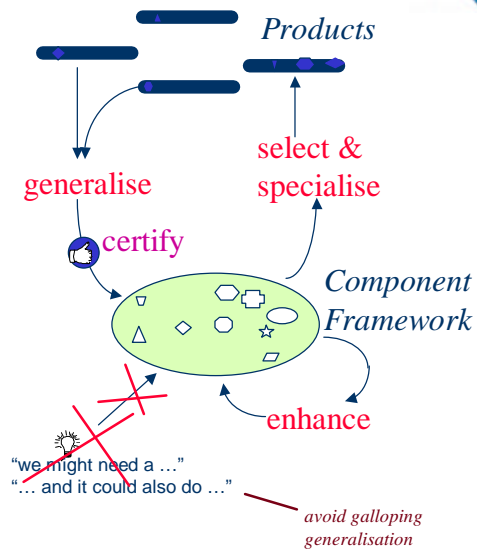
quickly-created specialised solutions
built from reusable Assets

Assets

created by generalising from designs
of known Products
not from bright ideas about what might
be useful

Protect & cultivate assets

devote resources to maintaining
'design capital'
Planned evolution of framework
Framework separately resourced from
products



Software Development Framework

Framework

Process



– *Management* – how to run the project



– *Technical* – what to do on the project

Architecture



– design guidelines and patterns

Software Components



coherent structure and components that
can be specialised and assembled to form project

Tools



– and platforms

SDF Team Works on Projects

✍ SDF material is generalised from work on Products

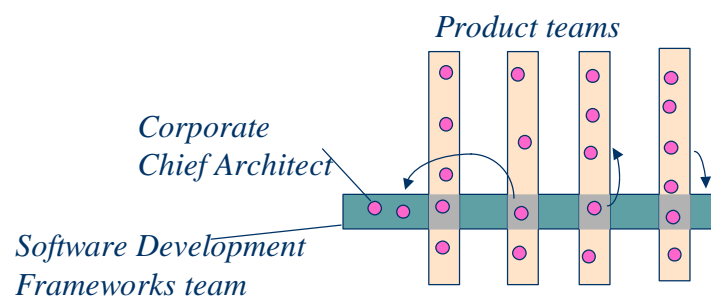
✍ Members of SDF Team work part time on Product projects

Provide mentoring about SDF process, architecture, components

Get feedback on the SDF

Monitor Products for ideas that can be incorporated into SDF

Spend time enhancing SDF after experience on products



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Summary

Develop a coherent product line built from a component framework
not disparate miscellany of components

Rapid product assembly; more ceremonious component design

Generalise framework incrementally from delivered products

Rigorous regression tests: supply them with components

Treat tools, methods, and patterns as part of the component framework

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